

## HW #2, due Feb 4

1. We would like to check the gauge invariance of the QED Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + \bar{\psi}(i\not{D} - m)\psi, \quad (1)$$

where  $D_\mu = \partial_\mu - ieQA_\mu$ . The gauge transformation is given by

$$\psi'(x) = e^{iQ\omega(x)}\psi(x), \quad A'_\mu(x) = A_\mu(x) + \frac{1}{e}\partial_\mu\omega \quad (2)$$

- (a) Show that  $D'_\mu\psi' = e^{iQ\omega}D_\mu\psi$ .
- (b) Show that  $[D_\mu, D_\nu]\psi = -ieQF_{\mu\nu}\psi$ . Note that this implies that  $[D'_\mu, D'_\nu]\psi' = -ieQF'_{\mu\nu}\psi' = e^{iQ\omega}(-ieQF_{\mu\nu}\psi)$  and hence  $F'_{\mu\nu} = F_{\mu\nu}$ .
- (c) Using the above results, show that  $\mathcal{L}(\bar{\psi}', \psi', A') = \mathcal{L}(\bar{\psi}, \psi, A)$ .

2. We would like to check the gauge invariance of the Lagrangian of non-abelian gauge theories

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}\text{Tr}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + \bar{\psi}(i\not{D} - m)\psi, \quad (3)$$

where  $D_\mu = \partial_\mu - igA_\mu$  with the matrix form  $A_\mu = A_\mu^a T^a$ . The gauge transformation is given by

$$\psi'(x) = U(x)\psi(x), \quad A'_\mu(x) = U(x)A_\mu(x)U(x)^{-1} + \frac{i}{g}U\partial_\mu U^{-1}. \quad (4)$$

- (a) Show that  $D'_\mu\psi' = UD_\mu\psi$ .
- (b) Show that  $D'_\mu = UD_\mu U^{-1}$ .
- (c) Define  $F_{\mu\nu}$  by  $[D_\mu, D_\nu]\psi = -igF_{\mu\nu}\psi$ . Show that  $[D'_\mu, D'_\nu]\psi' = -igF'_{\mu\nu}\psi' = U(-igF_{\mu\nu}\psi)$  and hence  $F'_{\mu\nu} = UF_{\mu\nu}U^{-1}$ .
- (d) Using the above results, show that  $\mathcal{L}(\bar{\psi}', \psi', A') = \mathcal{L}(\bar{\psi}, \psi, A)$ .
- (e) Show that  $F_{\mu\nu} = F_{\mu\nu}^a T^a = (\partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a + gf^{abc}A_\mu^b A_\nu^c)T^a$ .
- (f) Under infinitesimal transformations  $U = e^{i\omega^a T^a} = 1 + i\omega^a T^a + O(\omega^2)$ , show that  $A'_\mu = A_\mu + \frac{1}{g}D_\mu\omega + O(\omega)^2$ , where  $\omega = \omega^a T^a$  and  $D_\mu\omega = \partial_\mu\omega - ig[A_\mu, \omega]$ . Similarly, show that  $F'_{\mu\nu} = F_{\mu\nu} - i[F_{\mu\nu}, \omega] + O(\omega)^2$ .